

Welcome, and thank you for joining us



Sky Alibhai & Zoe Jewell WildTrack co-founders

Providing data-driven conservation solutions is central to our work. Biodiversity is disappearing at unprecedented rates, and protecting it requires reliable data to inform on optimal conservation strategies.

Footprints are a vast, untapped repository of data that are constantly being renewed by the Earth's forces of wind and rain. The ground is a blank canvas being sketched each time animals move. Our award-winning footprint identification technology (FIT) informs us where species most need our help.

Here we report on the recent advances we've made to collect and process these data more efficiently, including our new WildTrackAI app, and our new AI platform.

As conservation biologists living in a time of extreme environmental change, we also have to be activists - communicating the need for societal change to tackle biodiversity loss. Our new website, focusing on participation, is another step towards this goal.

Our Mission and Objectives

WildTrack's Mission is to protect endangered species using a unique combination of advanced data analytics, artificial intelligence, and traditional ecological knowledge. By integrating traditional ecological tracking skills with a customised model in JMP software and artificial intelligence, we engage the whole community from scientists, to indigenous trackers, local communities and recreational citizen scientists. The data we gather inform on species protection and the mitigation of human-wildlife conflict. They are also essential to reduce the risk of future pandemics.



A two way learning process - we learn from traditional ecological expertise, and we help local communities use technology to democratize data collection for conservation. It's a win-win.

Objectives:

To develop and apply non-invasive and objective censusing and monitoring techniques as a fundamental resource for wildlife conservation.

To revive, value and engage expert local ecological knowledge in communities who have lived with endangered and elusive species over generations

To use the power of scientific networking to augment data collection from endangered species around the world. Footprints are ubiquitous, and can be easily and opportunistically collected by anyone with a smartphone or camera

Our Team: Engineering, Research and Operations



Jonathan D'Souza

LEAD ARCHITECT





Nicolas Morant

ENGINEERING PROJECT MANAGER | ML ENGINEER

🖸 in



Richard Morello

in



Brian Adkins

SYSTEM ENGINEER



Sathvik Prasanna

MOBILE APP ENGINEER

Operations Team



Kari Dorth

OPERATIONS MANAGER

Principal Research Associates



Peter R. Law., D.Phil
ECOLOGICAL MODELING/MATHEMATICS

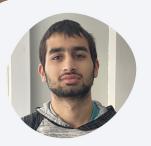


Ryan Lekiewitz, Ph.D.



Caleb King, Ph.D.

Our Team: Principal Volunteers



Noah D'Souza



Aaditya Ramesh

SOFTWARE ENGINEER

Volunteer Team



Huayu Tsu

MACHINE LEARNING ENGINEER



Debbie Liske

DATA SCIENTIST



Yolanda Davis

DATA SCIENTIST



2022-3 by numbers

35 Species Projects

41 Species algorithms
Developed across 20
counties and 5 continents

25

Students

Undergraduate and

Postgraduate

15 Partner Universities

26 Scientists supported to use our software in JMP

AI Platform: 18,500 images, 60 species modelled, 98% species accuracy, 87% individual accuracy

WildTrack's Footprint Identification Technology (FIT) offers a transformative solution







We have developed the world's first end-to-end solution to monitor species using footprints.

Footprints are a rich source of data, and a transformative solution for conservation monitoring. They're much easier to find than animals themselves, they're easy to collect with a smartphone app, and they're rich in information (Jewell et al, 2020)

Footprint Identification Technology	Other commonly used techniques
Footprints are ubiquitous data - easy to collect and accessible for citizen scientists	Locating endangered species is difficult, and sometimes dangerous
Footprint collection is cheap - using just a smartphone app or simple camera, large volumes of data can be collected	Fitting instrumentation to animals is very expensive so can only be undertaken with small subsets of populations.
Collection is non-invasive, no impact on data quality	Tagging/collaring etc is invasive, which can negatively impact physiology and behaviour
Is based on expert tracking skills, so engages local indigenous communities.	Rarely engage traditional ecological knowledge
Objective and rapid classification at species, individual, sex and age-class using AI	Are often dependent on subjective assessment - eg Camera trap arrays and usually only to species level

Footprint identification technology for wildlife conservation

Baseline data from Footprint Identification Technology (FIT) in JMP

Data-driven conservation strategies

eg Fisher in California Small mammals Africa/Europe/North America Otters in Europe and Asia

Reducing human-animal conflict

eg Bengal tiger in Nepal Hyena in Zimbabwe Lion and leopard in Botswana

Preventing Illegal trade in wildlife products

eg Black rhino in Namibia Box turtle in North Carolina Indian Star tortoise in India









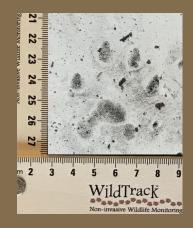


(Key achievements 2022-3)



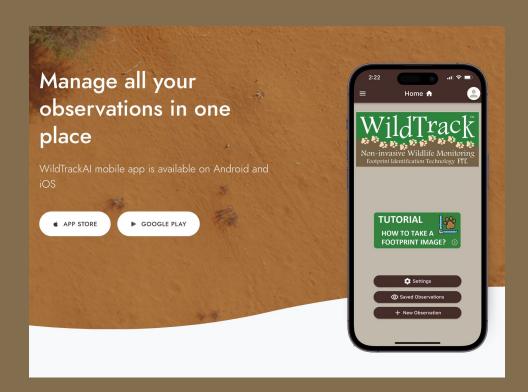








Research and Development: Launching the WildTrackAI mobile app



Available on iOS or Android, an easy-to-use app designed for communities worldwide to collect footprint images!

Features:

Free, and easy to use: Users are guided through the process of creating their observations

Use it anywhere. The app works offline too. Users can collect images in remote areas and upload observations later

Contribute to conservation. WildTrackAI is a tool for monitoring endangered species. Your observations will be used to help protect wildlife and their habitats

Species names in both Latin and Common forms

KEYPOINT DETECTION

Hand Annotate

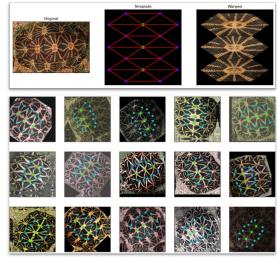
- 186 images/27 individuals
- 17 keypoints (14 corners, 3 centers)

Transfer Learning

- MobileNetV2, EfficientNetV2-B0, DenseNet121
- Add top dense layer (34 nodes)

Image Augmentations

- Random rotate, filp, saturation, hue, contrast, etc...
- Greatly prevents overfitting



We co-supervised three post-graduate Data Science student teams at Harvard University to

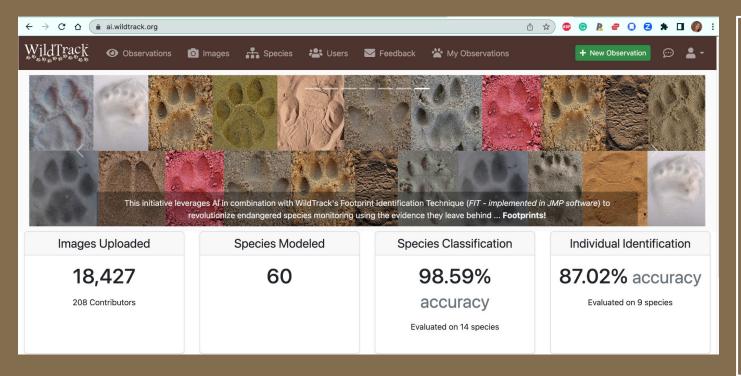
- Automate the identification of at-risk Chelonians such as the Star Tortoise (left).
- 2. Develop an automated quality assessment for footprints entering the pipeline, strengthen species and individual ID classification models
- 3. Automatically detect a ruler scale in an image, and use the gradations to measure the dimensions of a footprint.

Smartphone App takes footprint images and uploads to cloud.

WWW.WILDTRACK.ORG

AI Solution classifies species, individual and potentially sex and age-class User gets rapid feedback, education and ongoing engagement as part of community of collectors Database grows, algorithms strengthen, conservation strategies become solidly data-driven.

Research and Development: Refining the AI Platform



Our WildTrack team of software engineers upgraded our AI platform database to SQL producing a faster and more reliable user interfact.

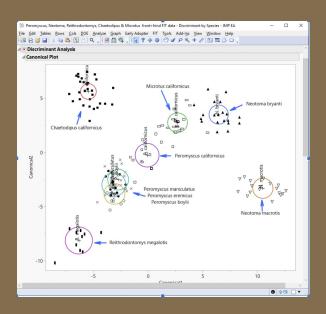
We also migrated the system to the AWS Cloud and are excited to have the support of their expert team and connections to partners for development moving forward.

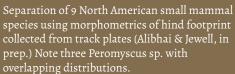
In the first half of 2023 we have started working with a Harvard student team to migrate to a modular Agile technology for more flexible development and integration moving forward.

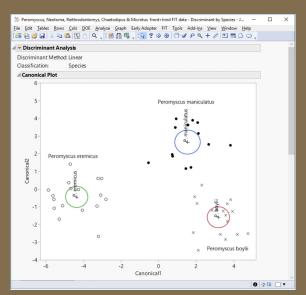
Field Projects: Small mammal project distribution



Field Projects: Small mammal monitoring using track plates







The same morphometric analysis applied only to the three overlapping species of Peromyscus, presenting a clear separation between *P. eremicus*, *P. maniculatus* and *P. boyliil*

Using track plates, and morphometrics analysis in JMP, we are able to identify small mammal species by their footprints.

Small mammals are excellent indicators of environmental health as their populations fluctuate rapidly with changes in the environment

In these two figures we show how even species that are morphologically almost impossible to discriminate by eye, can be identified using FIT.

Black rhino monitoring in Botswana





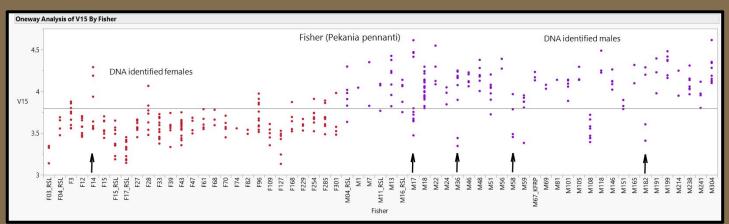


An aerial image of a male rhino (R) in a standoff with a female, sub-adult calf and calf (L). Drones can allow us to observe behaviour that we are rarely able to access on the ground

This project, in collaboration with the Botswana International University of Science and Technology, and the Botswana Defence Force (BDF) will collect aerial images of rhino trails using drones and interpret these using Al and traditional ecological knowledge.

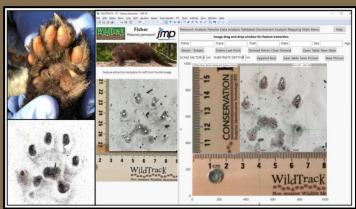


Fisher Conservation in California





Fisher populations are in decline in California as forest fires impact their habitat. This project, in collaboration with the US-Forest Service, has demonstrated that the Fisher can be sexed using FIT in JMP, from footprints collected on track plates. This allows biologists to identify those areas where female fisher are resident and protect them.



Human: wildlife mitigation projects in Southern Africa

Humans and wildlife are increasingly coming into conflict. In the Gonarhezhou National Park, Zimbabwe, part of the Greater Limpopo Transfrontier Conservation Area, hyena frequently take livestock from villagers in the outlying areas. Retribution killings of hyena and other large carnivores are common. We're working with Professor Walter Musakwa of the University of Johannesburg in South Africa to identify problem animals at kill sites using footprints, and working with local communities to find solutions to avoid conflict.











Professor Walter Musakwa is in the Dept of Geography and Environmental Management and Energy Studies at the University of Johannesburg. His multidisciplinary approach includes sustainable development and livelihoods, which is key to mitigating Human:Wildlife conflict

Engaging the skills of expert women trackers for FIT development

Women have traditionally been under-represented in the art and science of tracking, so we're delighted to be able to work with several expert women trackers, including our three colleagues below.



Kersey Lawrence PhD, is a wildlife ecologist and award-winning university teacher who holds Cybertrackr Track and Sign Specialist and Trailing Specialist qualifications. Kersey is helping the WildTrack Specialist Group community identify cryptic prints and connect in Southern Africa where she spends much of her time.



Kim Cabrera is a Cybertracker Track and Sign specialist, and has been helping WildTrack curate data that are submitted to our site. This includes checking species identifications, and giving prints a quality rating. This is an essential requirement for robust discrimination algorithms



Shane Hawkins holds a level 3 Cybertracker certification, and has already contributed 14 new species to the WildTrack database of footprints.

https://www.wildtrack.org/blog/Connecting-with-the-Earth-an-interview-with-Shane-Hawkins

The WildTrack Specialist group in Portugal

The second WildTrack Specialist Group International Workshop was held in Aljezur, Southwest Portugal, in November 2022. Participants from 10 countries came together to compare field techniques and share a wide range of experiences. Several new projects were spawned and new collaborations generated.







WildTrack Conservation Outreach - Media snapshot





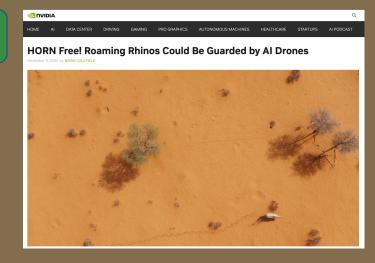




Virtual Knowledge Dialogue/ High-Level Political Forum 2022 Official Side Event

"Knowing Nature: new conservation technologies and knowledge systems to support the SDGs and post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework"

We had a wide range of media outreach including a podcast and blog for NVIDIA, an IUCN representation, Insider business post and our weekly newsletter that began in 2022 and now has almost 1000 subscribers

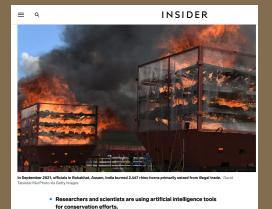




MORPHOMETRICS

JMP software solves otterly confusing challenge!

(9 15 NOV 2022 · & BY WILDTRACK



Al tools can help with efforts like identifying tracks to better

Using AI can help conservationists more wisely deploy scarce

understand animal populations.



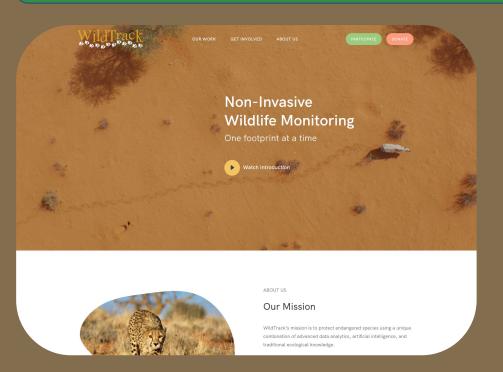
April 2023 Newsletter

Celebrating Earth Day this Month!

Humans depend on biodiversity, and this month we take a deeper dive into the importance of this dependency and what you can do to protect it.

How can you better connect with the earth? Get outside and get giddy! Read our newest <u>blog interview with Shane Hawkins</u> and realize how you too can become a tracker in your free time.

WildTrack Conservation Outreach - New website!



Our new website provides a more interactive interface with many options to participate in our work



An explainer video showcases our vision for FIT (https://www.wildtrack.org/get-involved/collect-footprints)

Award-winning and most-viewed Publications



< BIODIVERSITY AND CONSERVATION

Protecting endangered megafauna through AI analysis of drone images in a low-connectivity setting: a case study from Namibia



Research article Conservation Biology Zoology Computational Science

Data Mining and Machine Learning



Alice Hua*1, Kevin Martin ≅*1, Yuzeng Shen¹, Nicole Chen¹, Catherine Mou¹,
Maximilian Sterk², Berend Reinhard³, Friedrich F. Reinhard³, Stephen Lee⁴, Sky Alibhai⁵,
Zoe C. Jewell ≅5,6

Published August 3, 202

☑ Read the peer review reports

This paper published in Peer J was one of the top 5 most viewed #ComputationalScience articles published in @PeerJLife journal in 2022

Student honors: **Stacey Fletcher** University of Kent UK: 1st Class Honors for undergraduate study on beaver reintroduction using FIT **Kristina Grant** Durrell Institute of Conservation Ecology (DICE) UK: Distinction in Masters project on cheetah identification using FIT **Harvard team IV**: Distinction in Master's project on AI pipeline development for WildTrack.

Published in the International Otter Survival Fund journal, this paper won an Otter Oscar award for best research paper



AWARD

WildTrack awarded Otter Oscar for research paper!



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e a Published in

Informatics with colleagues

Ecological

in China

'I know the tiger by his paw': A non-invasive footprint identification technique for monitoring individual Amur tigers (*Panthera tigris altaica*) in snow

Sky K. Alibhai ^{a b 1}, Jiayin Gu ^{c 1}, Zoe C. Jewell ^{a b} △ ☒, Joseph Morgan ^b, Dan Liu ^d,
Guangshun Jiang ^c △ ☒

WildTrack Board Members

Zoe Jewell, President and co-founder of WildTrack, Programs and Strategy. M.Sc., M.A., Vet. M.B., M.R.C.V.S.

Sky Alibhai, Director and co-founder of WildTrack, Programs and Software Development. D.Phil. (Oxon).

James Baker, Director. Legal Affairs. B.S., J.D, Attorney at Law, Hedrick Gardner Kincheloe & Garofalo LLP.

Laurie Durham, Director, Finance. B.A. Finance Director, SAS.

Charles Hall, Director, Web applications. B.Sc. Web Applications Developer, SAS.

Joseph Morgan, Director, Technology and Innovations, B.Sc. Principal Research Statistician, JMP.

Onyi Nwafor, Director, Operations and Logistics. Ph.D. Assistant Professor, Bryan School of Business, UNC Greensboro

WildTrack is a Platinum member of GuideStar and our organisational reports and credentials are available here.





We thank our extraordinary partners, who contributed so much to WildTrack's success in 2022-3, including:





Harvard John A. Paulson **School of Engineering** and Applied Sciences

















